

$$\sigma_r = \frac{\sigma_0}{\sqrt{2I}} \operatorname{Ln} \left(\frac{\alpha_r + \beta}{\alpha_R + \beta} \right) + \frac{b}{n\sqrt{2I}} \quad (64)$$

$$\cdot \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \right)^n \left[(\alpha_r + \beta)^n - (\alpha_R + \beta)^n \right]$$

$$\sigma_\theta = \frac{\sigma_0}{\sqrt{2I}} \left[\operatorname{Ln} \left(\frac{\alpha_r + \beta}{\alpha_R + \beta} \right) - \left(\frac{\alpha_r}{\alpha_r + \beta} \right) \right]$$

$$+ \frac{b}{n\sqrt{2I}} \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \right)^n \left[(\alpha_r + \beta)^n \right. \quad (65)$$

$$\left. - \alpha_n r (\alpha_r + \beta)^{n-1} - (\alpha_R + \beta)^n \right]$$

$$\sigma_z = \frac{\sigma_0}{\sqrt{2I}} \left[\operatorname{Ln} \left(\frac{\alpha_r + \beta}{\alpha_R + \beta} \right) - \left(5r + \sqrt{2I} \frac{\beta}{\alpha} \right) \right.$$

$$\left. \cdot \left(\frac{\alpha}{\alpha_r + \beta} \right) \right] + \frac{b}{n\sqrt{2I}} \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \right)^n \left[(\alpha_r + \beta)^n \right. \quad (66)$$

$$\left. - \left(5r + \sqrt{2I} \frac{\beta}{\alpha} \right) \alpha_n (\alpha_r + \beta)^{n-1} - (\alpha_R + \beta)^n \right]$$